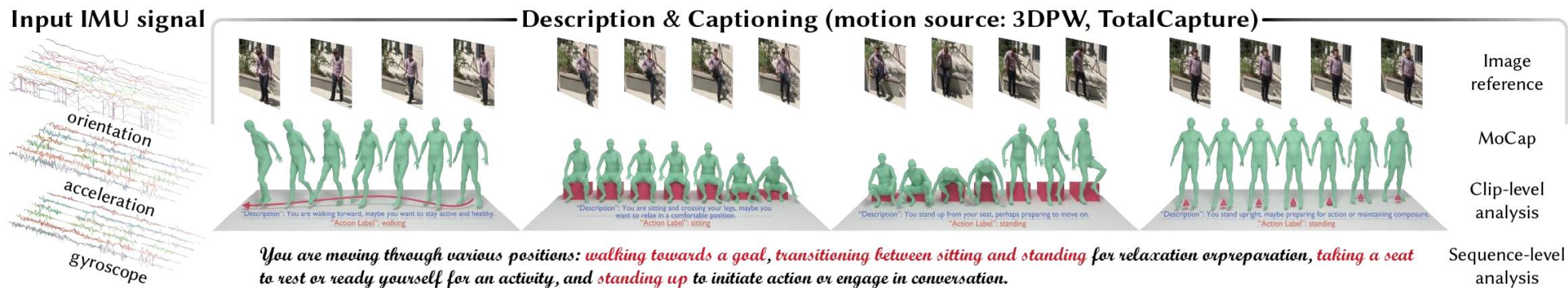
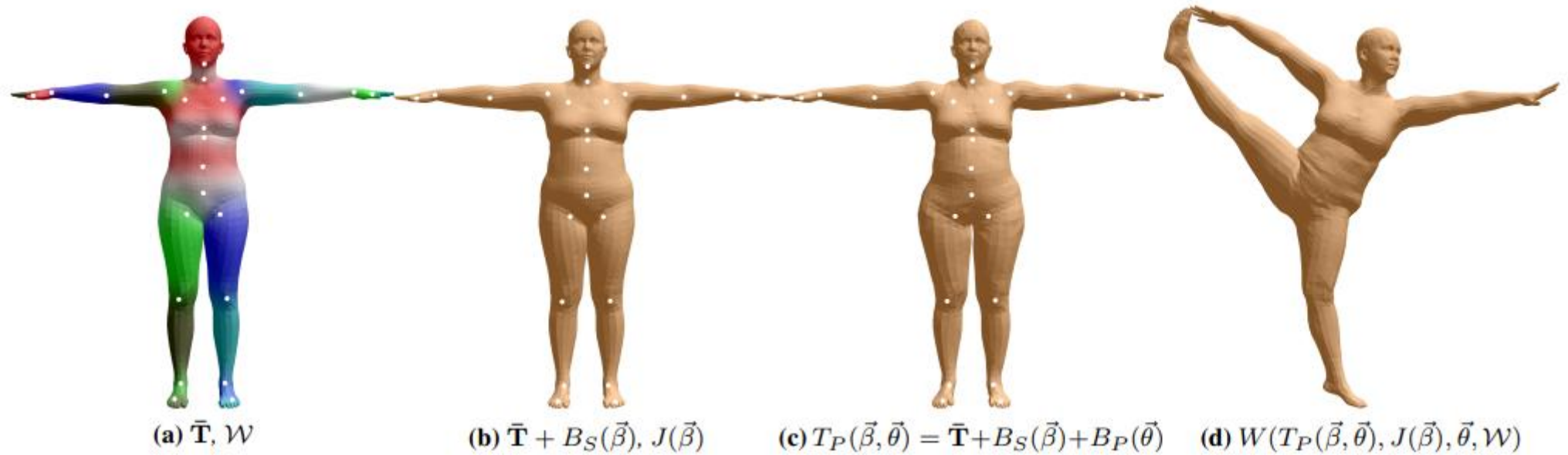


Mojito: LLM-Aided Motion Instructor with Jitter-Reduced Inertial Tokens



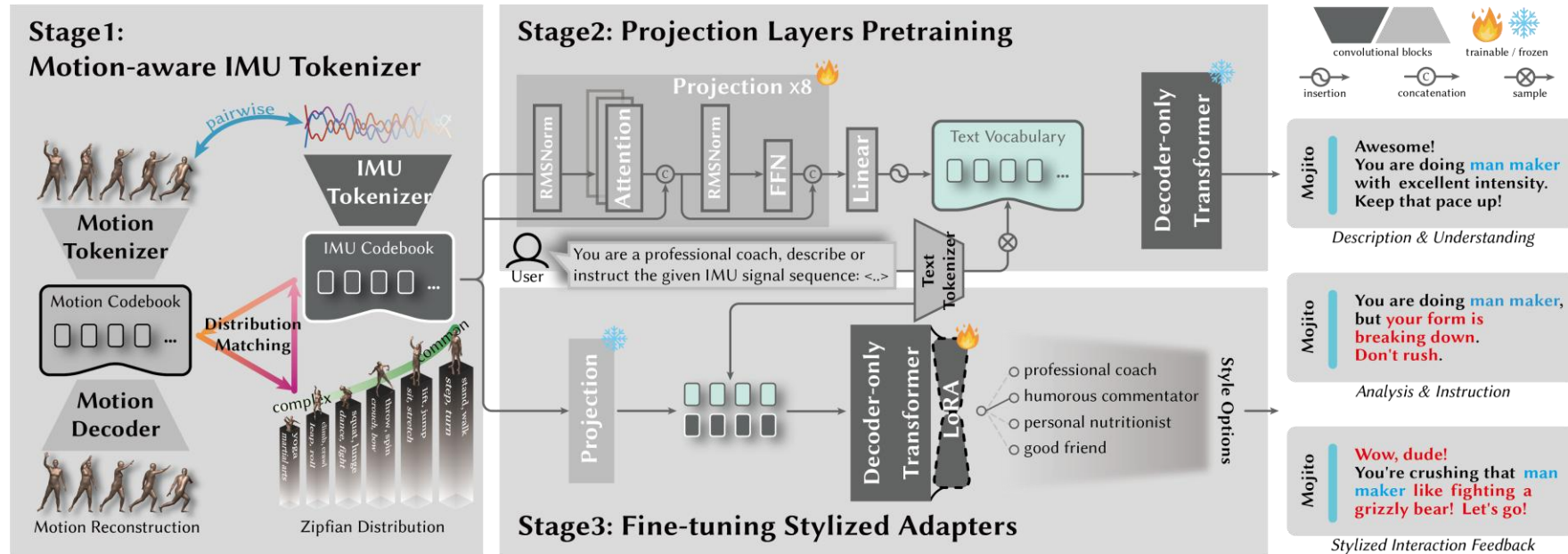
- 通过IMU重建人体动作
- 使用比较轻量化的IMU信号, 让LLM理解人类动作

Mojito: LLM-Aided Motion Instructor with Jitter-Reduced Inertial Tokens



- SMPL: A Skinned Multi-Person Linear Model
- root pos, root rot, joint rot

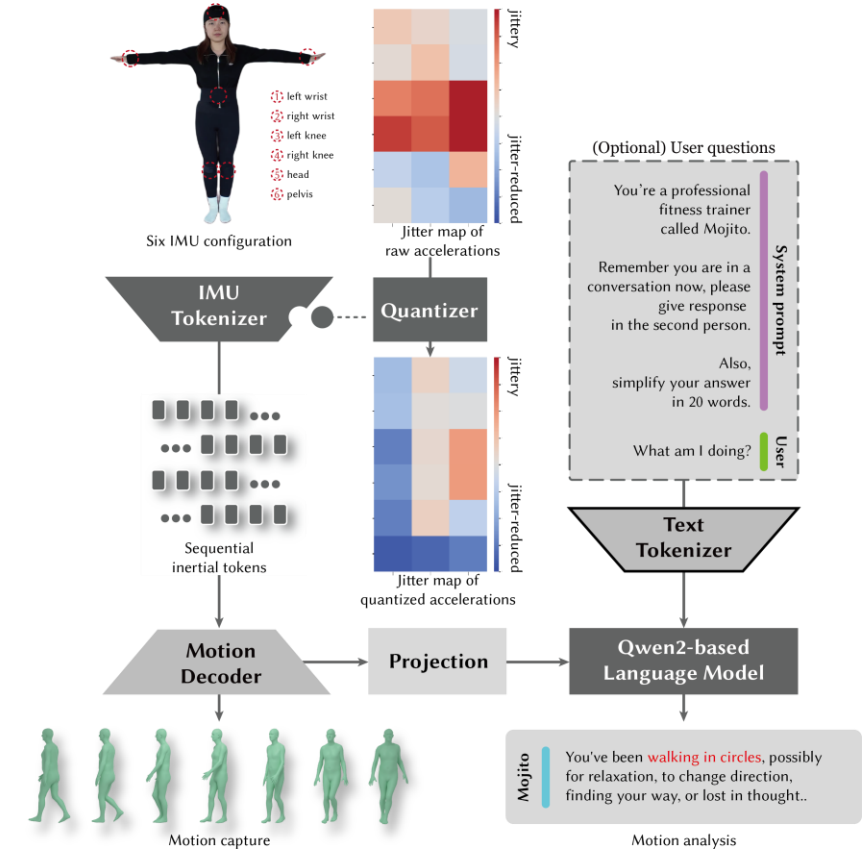
Mojito: LLM-Aided Motion Instructor with Jitter-Reduced Inertial Tokens



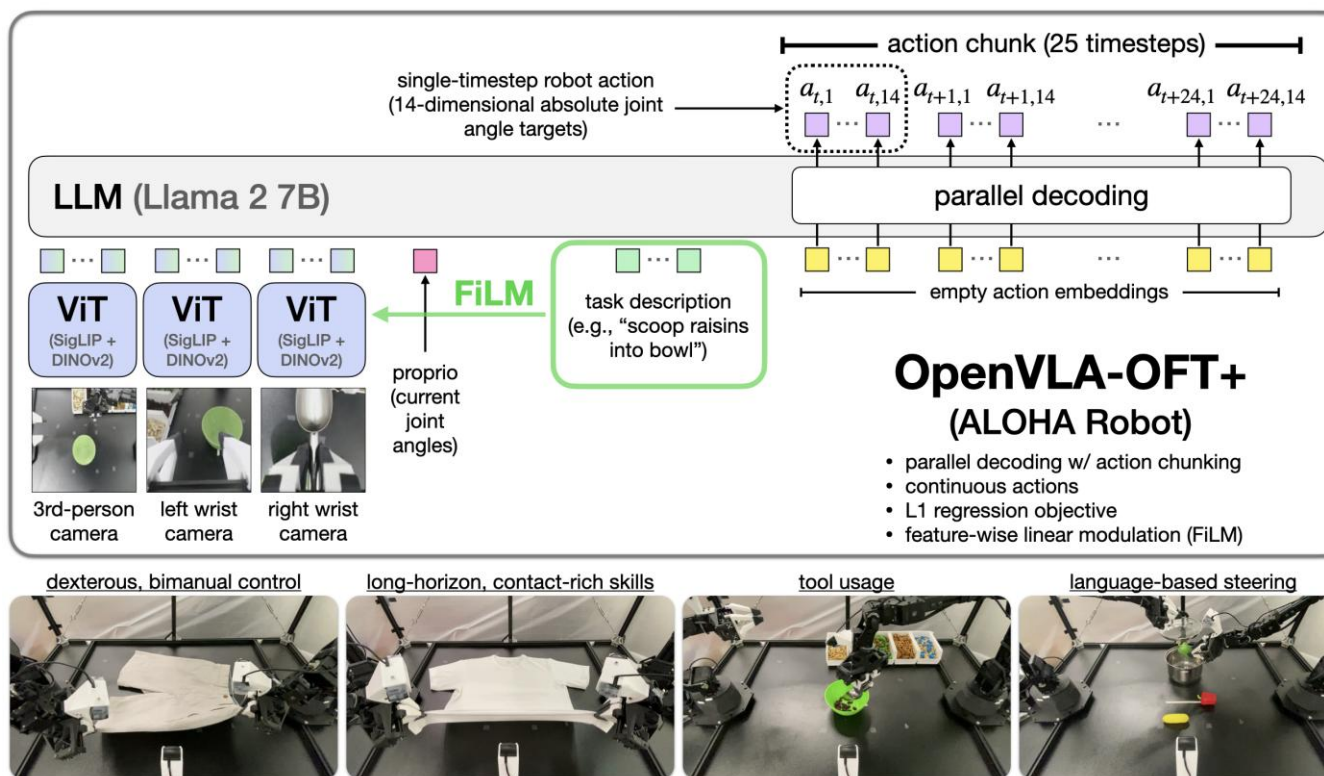
- motion repr: $\mathbf{M}^{1:T} = [\mathbf{r} \quad \dot{\mathbf{r}} \quad \Phi \quad \dot{\Phi} \quad \mathbf{j}^r \quad \mathbf{j}^p \quad \mathbf{j}^v \quad \mathbf{p}] \in \mathbb{R}^{T \times d_m}$
- imu repr: $\mathbf{I}^{1:T} = [\mathbf{q} \quad \mathbf{a} \quad \boldsymbol{\omega}] \in \mathbb{R}^{T \times d_u}$

Mojito: LLM-Aided Motion Instructor with Jitter-Reduced Inertial Tokens

- inference:
- imu signal -tokenizer-> token -projector-> embedding vector
- language instruction -tokenizer-> embedding vector
- embedding vector -LLM-> auto-regressive output

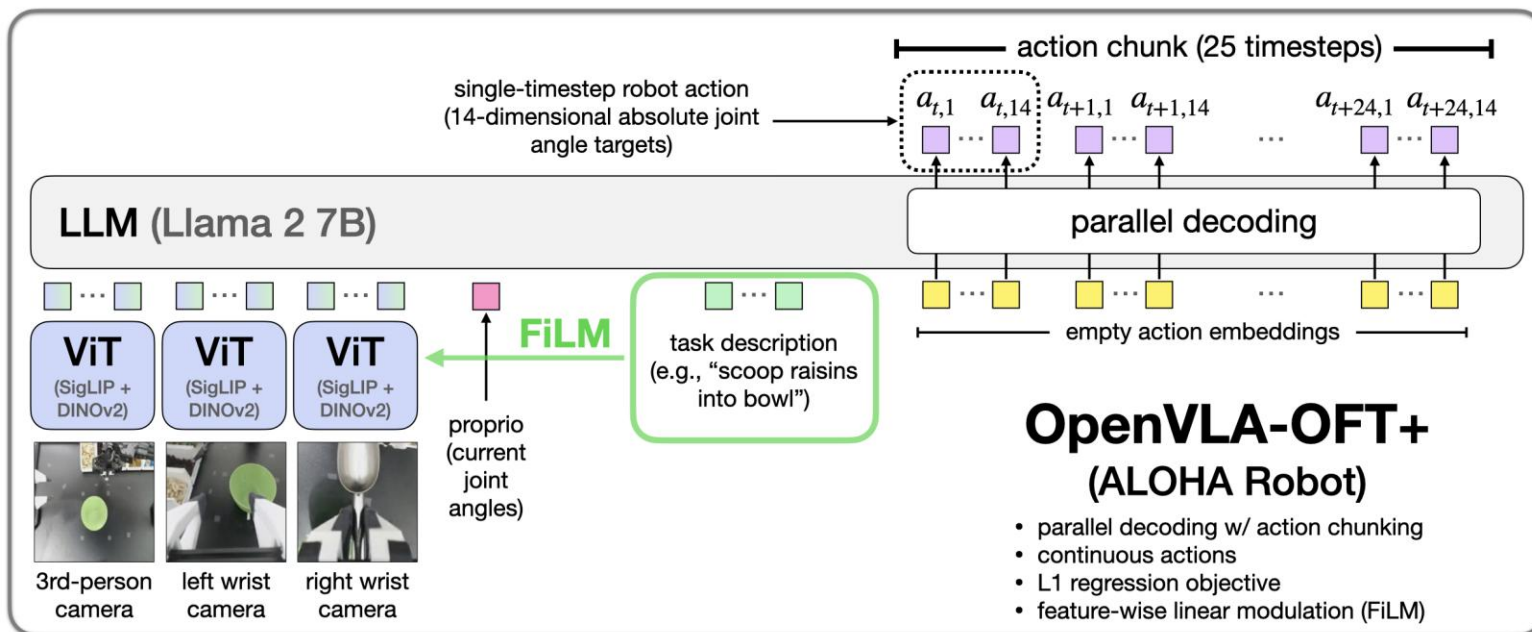


Fine-Tuning Vision-Language-Action Models: Optimizing Speed and Success

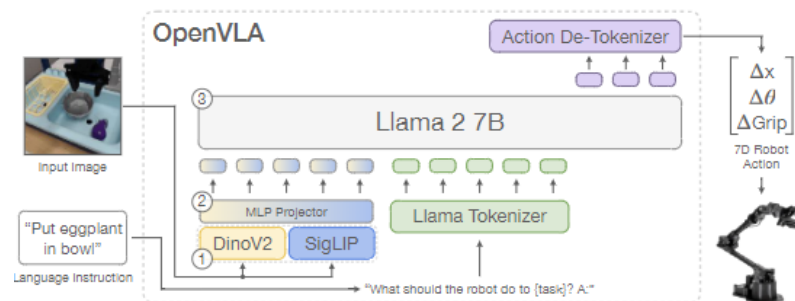


- publish: NeurIPS 2024
- 相较于OpenVLA, 推理速度更快, 在双臂机器人上表现更好

Fine-Tuning Vision-Language-Action Models: Optimizing Speed and Success

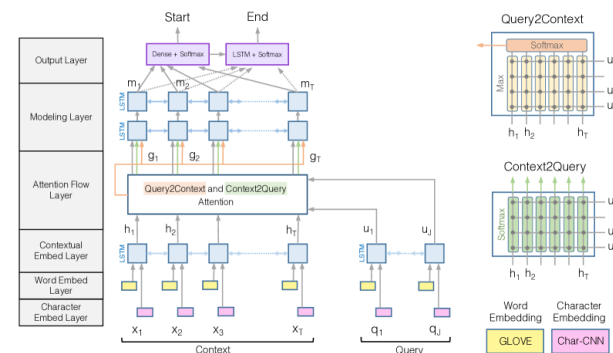


- 与OpenVLA的区别:
 - 使用并行解码
 - 使用连续的动作空间
 - 使用FiLM对图片文本进行加强

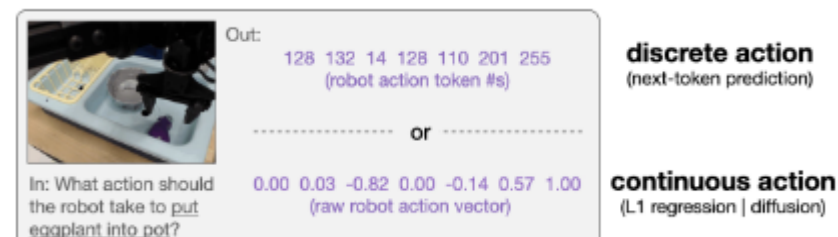


Fine-Tuning Vision-Language-Action Models: Optimizing Speed and Success

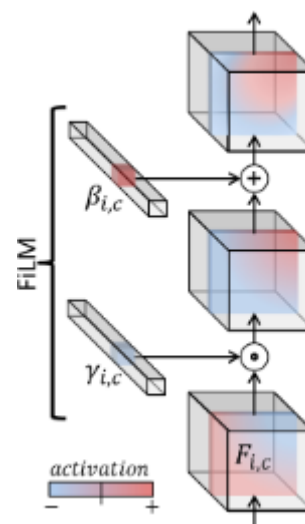
- 并行解码: bi-directional attention



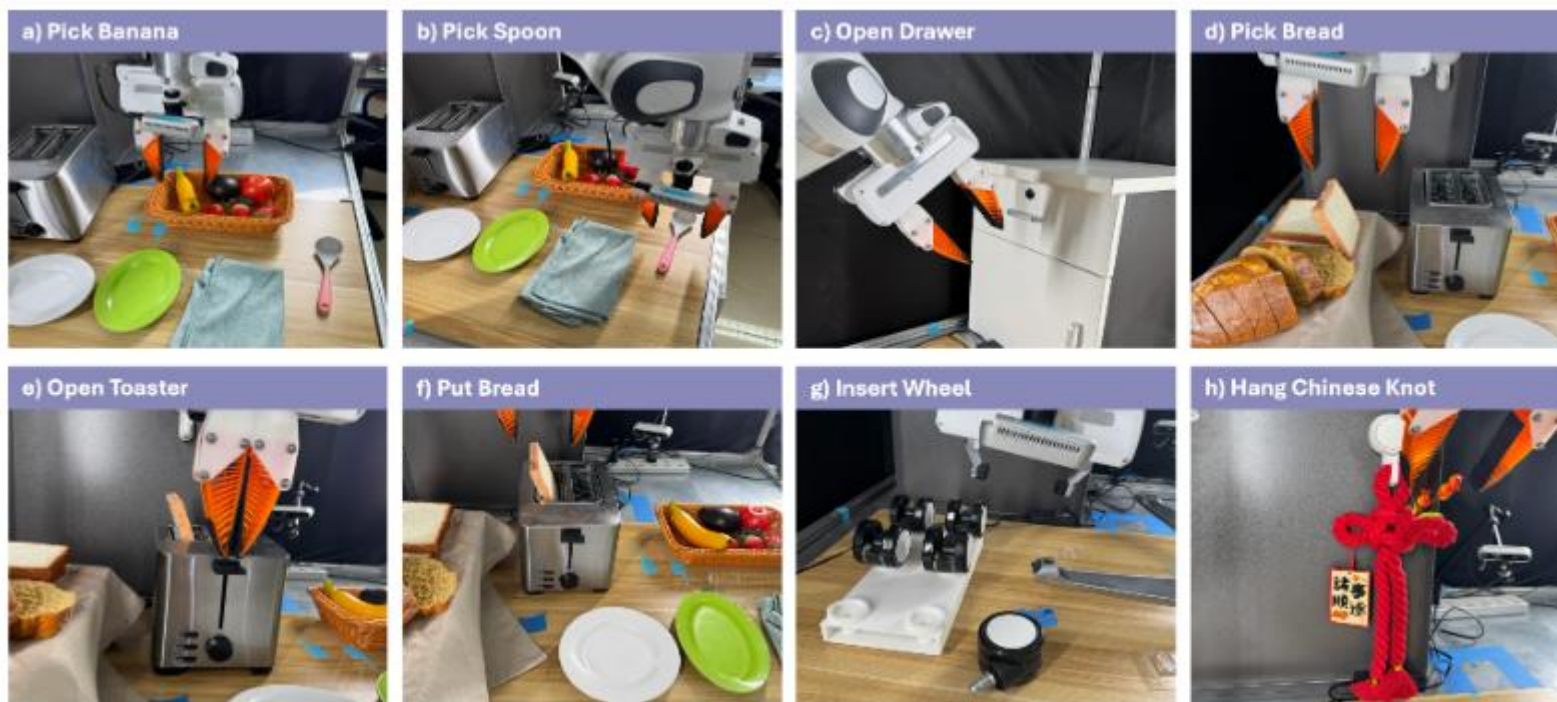
- continuous action: L1 regression或者diffusion policy



- FiLM: 文本结合图片 $\text{FiLM}(\mathbf{F}|\gamma, \beta) = \hat{\mathbf{F}} = (1 + \gamma) \odot \mathbf{F} + \beta$

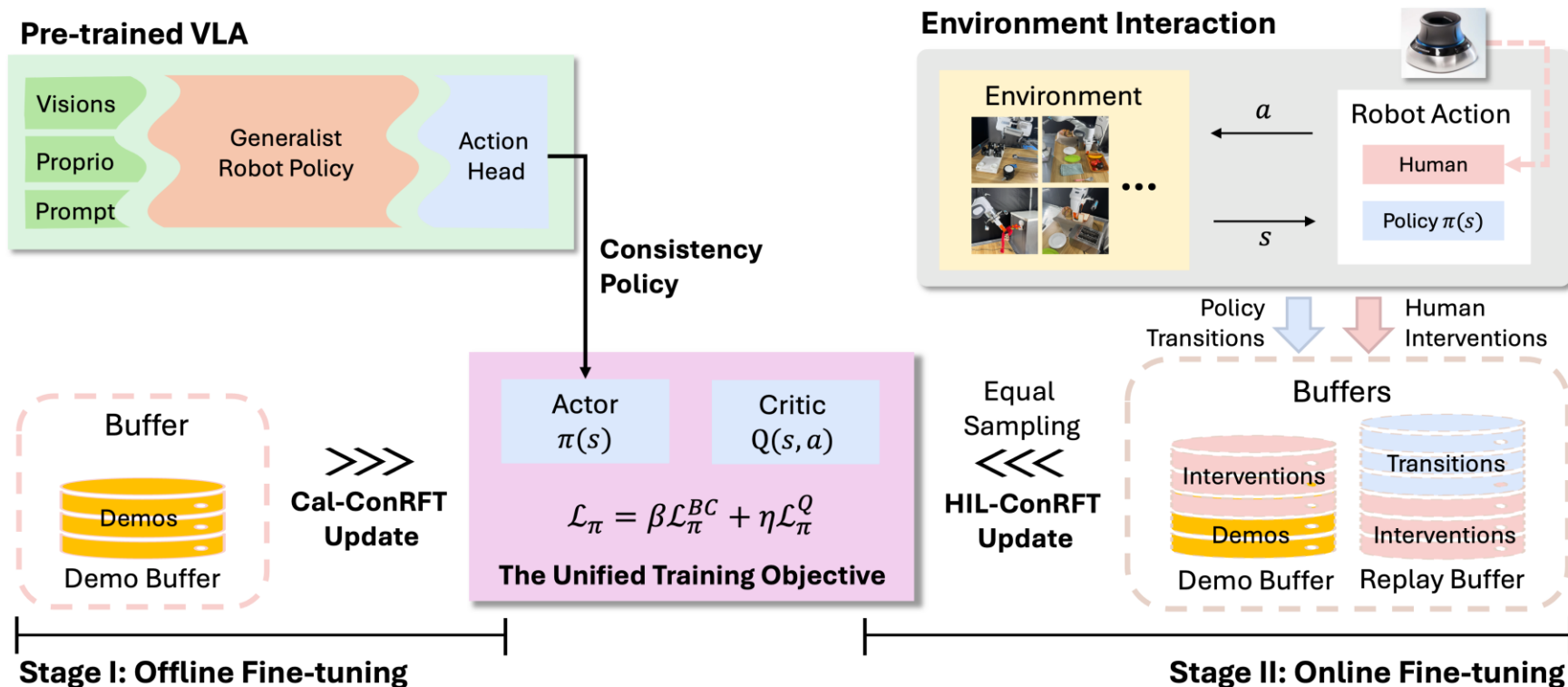


ConRFT: A Reinforced Fine-tuning Method for VLA Models via Consistency Policy



- publish: RSS 2025
- 使用consistency policy进行fine-tuning VLA

ConRFT: A Reinforced Fine-tuning Method for VLA Models via Consistency Policy



- consistency policy: 使用Q-value作为指导, 训练policy
- loss: $\mathcal{L}_\pi^{BC} = \mathbb{E}_{(s,a) \sim (D \cup R), m \sim \mathcal{U}[1, M-1]} [d(f_\psi(a + k_m z, k_m | E(s)), a)]$ $\mathcal{L}_\pi^Q = -\mathbb{E}_{s \sim (D \cup R)} [Q(s, a)]$
- 使用Behavior Clone做offline训练, 然后在此基础上进行online训练(HIL)